PART 135—RULES FOR MEASUREMENT OF VESSELS

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Subpart A—General Provisions

§135.1 Scope.

This part establishes the procedures for determining the Panama Canal Universal Measurement System (hereinafter PC/UMS) Net Tonnage. The tonnage shall be used to assess tolls for use of the Panama Canal. Also, the tonnage may be used, when adequate volume information is not provided, to assess the charge for admeasurement services.

§135.2 Vessels generally to present tonnage certificate or be measured.

All vessels except warships, floating drydocks, dredges, and vessels subject to transitional relief measures, applying for passage through the Panama Canal shall present a duly authenticated International Tonnage Certificate (1969) (hereinafter ITC 69), or suitable substitute (i.e., a certificate derived from a system which is substantially similar to that which was provided for in the 1969 International Convention on Tonnage Measurement of Ships, and which contains the total volume or allows for the direct mathematical determination of total volume). Vessels without such total volume information shall be inspected by Canal authorities who shall determine an appropriate volume for use in the calculation of a PC/UMS Net Tonnage of such vessels. In addition, these same vessels shall provide documentation, such as plans and classification certificates, with sufficient information to determine the volume of the maximum capacity of containers that may be carried on or above the upper deck, or VMC as defined in section 135.13(a)(11).

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 $[59\ FR\ 43255,\ Aug.\ 22,\ 1994,\ as\ amended\ at\ 61\ FR\ 60612,\ Nov.\ 29,\ 1996]$

§135.3 Determination of total volume and VMC.

(a) Determination of total volume and VMC used to calculate PC/UMS Net Tonnage shall be carried out by the Panama Canal Commission. In so doing, however, the Commission may rely upon total volume and VMC information provided by such officials as are authorized by national governments to undertake surveys and issue national tonnage certificates. Total volume and VMC information presented to the Commission shall be subject to verification, and if necessary, correction as necessary to ensure accuracy to a degree acceptable to the Commission

(b) The Commission may, when it is deemed necessary to verify information contained on the ITC 69, require the submission of additional documents. Failure to submit the requested

documentation may result in the Commission's developing a figure that accurately reflects the vessel's volume.

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[59 FR 43255, Aug. 22, 1994, as amended at 61 FR 60612, Nov. 29, 1996]

§135.4 Administration and interpretation of rules.

The rules of measurement provided in this part shall be administered and interpreted by the Administrator of the Panama Canal Commission.

Subpart B—PC/UMS Net Tonnage Measurement

§135.11 Tonnage.

- (a) The tonnage of a ship shall consist of PC/UMS Net Tonnage.
- (b) The net tonnage shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of the regulations in this subpart.
- (c) The net tonnage of novel types of craft whose constructional features are such as to render the application of the provisions of the regulations in this subpart unreasonable or impracticable shall be determined in a manner which is acceptable to the Panama Canal Commission.

§135.12 Definitions.

- (a) *Upper Deck* means the uppermost complete deck exposed to weather and sea, which has permanent means of weathertight closing of all openings in the weather part thereof, and below which all openings in the sides of the ship are fitted with permanent means of watertight closing. In a ship having a stepped upper deck, the lowest line of the exposed deck and the continuation of that line parallel to the upper part of the deck is taken as the upper deck.
- (b) *Moulded Depth* means the vertical distance measured from the top of the keel to the underside of the upper deck at side.
- (1) In wood and composite ships the distance is measured from the lower edge of the keel rabbet. Where the form at the lower part of the midship section is of a hollow character, or where thick garboards are fitted, the distance is measured from the point where the

line of the flat of the bottom continued inwards cuts the side of the keel.

- (2) In ships having rounded gunwales, the moulded depth shall be measured to the point of intersection of the moulded lines of the deck and side shell plating, the lines extending as though the gunwales were of angular design.
- (3) Where the upper deck is stepped and the raised part of the deck extends over the point at which the moulded depth is to be determined, the moulded depth shall be measured to a line of reference extending from the lower part of the deck along a line parallel with the raised part.
- (c) Breadth or moulded breadth means the maximum breadth of the ship, measured amidships to the moulded line of the frame in a ship with a metal shell and to the outer surface of the hull in a ship with a shell of any other material.
- (d) Enclosed spaces mean all spaces which are bounded by the ship's hull, by fixed or portable partitions or bulkheads, by decks or coverings other than permanent or movable awnings. No break in a deck, nor any opening in the ship's hull, in a deck or in a covering of a space, or in the partitions or bulkheads of a space, nor the absence of a partition or bulkhead, shall preclude a space from being included in the enclosed space.
- (e) Excluded spaces mean, notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (d) of this section, the spaces referred to in paragraphs (e)(1) to (e)(5) of this section. Excluded spaces shall not be included in the volume of enclosed spaces, except that any such space which fulfills at least one of the following three conditions shall be treated as an enclosed space:
- The space is fitted with shelves or other means for securing cargo or stores;
- —The openings are fitted with any means of closure: or
- The construction provides any possibility of such openings being closed.
- (1)(i) A space within an erection opposite an end opening extending from deck to deck except for a curtain plate of a depth not exceeding by more than 25 millimeters (one inch) the depth of the adjoining deck beams, such opening having a breadth equal to or greater